

KEY VOCABULARY

The Water Cycle – the recycling of water through evaporation, condensation, precipitation and collection

Erosion – the gradual wearing away of a surface by water

Deposition – the depositing of sediment when a river slows

Reflection – the throwing back of light without absorbing it

Shading – applying a colour more densely to show darker areas

Cross-Hatching – using fine parallel lines close together to create the illusion of shade

You might like to...

- BBC Bitesize KS2 has some great video clips and activities, why not check these out...
<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zkgg87h/articles/z3wpp39>
<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zbsgk7>



Knowledge Organiser

KEY FACTS

Macbeth is a play written by William Shakespeare and was first performed in 1606.

In the world of theatre, some believe it is a cursed tale and only refer to it as “**The Scottish Play**”.

The **Norfolk Broads** is a National Park with over 125 miles of navigable, lock-free waterways.

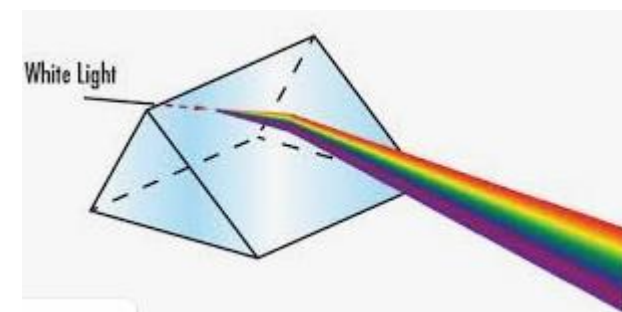
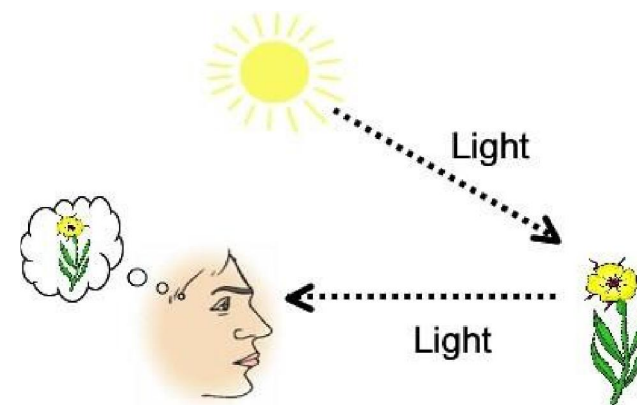
Light, which travels at 186,000 miles per second, will travel in a completely straight line.

Isaac Newton studied light as it hit a glass **prism**, expanding into different colours. We can see the same thing when we see a **rainbow**.

A **shadow** is a dark area where light from a light source is blocked by an opaque object.

A **periscope** is an instrument over or around an object.

DIAGRAM



Further Reading

Macbeth (A Shakespeare Story) by Andrew Matthews (re-told with more accessible language)

Boy by Roald Dahl

KEY QUESTIONS

What do I know about this already?	How might this knowledge help me?	What do I want to find out more about?	How could I find out more?	How could I present what I know?	Which parts of this do I need to try harder to understand?
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